THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1800. [Vol. VII.--No. 1094

VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue-Store corner of Prince and Water streets,

A VARIETY OF

Wet and Dry Goods,

of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The business of VENDUE MASTER having devolved entirely on the subscriber, he informs the Public, that the store will always be kept open for the reception of GOODS, and selling such articles therein, between the times of Public Sales, as may be on limitation. He likewise offers his services in transacting any kind of Commission Business,

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

THE Partnership of Hezekiah Smoot and Co. was, by mutual consent, dissolved on the 1st of March last. All persons having any demands against them are requested to present them for a settlement; and all indebted are desired to make payment to Hezekiah Smoot.

JAMES PORTER,
HEZEKIAH SMOOT.

April 10. 3t

LAND FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD,

On Saturday the 26th inst. at Public Auction, (if not previously disposed of at private sale)

A valuable Tract of Land,

containing about 400 acres, lying in Prince George's County, Maryland. The terms of Sale are one third cash, and for the balance of the purchase money a liberal credit will be given. Further information may be obtained on application to the subscriber, at Mr. N. Washington's, in the County and State above mentioned.

REUBEN CRAIG.

April 18.

Ten Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED on Tuesday the 15th inst. a Negro Man, named DENNIS, supposed about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and about 20 years of age; rather slim made and awkward in his manners; his complexion of a tawny cast; had on when he went off a blue half thick outside jacket, under waistcoat, blue breeches, and grey stockings; all much worn: took with him a new shirt of coarse German linen, and a brown narrow sheet. He is the property of Baldwin M. Lee, Esq. of West moreland County. Whoever will arrest said Negro and return him, or secure him so that he may be taken by his owner or the subscriber, shall have the above reward, if taken more than 30 miles from Alexandria or his owner's plantation; or five Dollars, if the distance be less, with all reasonable charges, paid by

JOHN G. LADD.

April 19

SALT.

Two Thousand Bushels of Turk's Island Salt afloat, for Sale by

J. & T. VOWELL.

April 5. 3t

TO BE LET,

And Possession given immediately,

A HOUSE and HALF ACRE LOT with a stable and coach-house thereon, situated at the junction of Cameron and Pitt Streets, now in the occupation of Col. Mar. Butler.

JAMES ANDERSON.

Mount Vernon, March 10, 1800. tf

TO BE RENTED,

A Convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, on Fairfax Street, now occupied by the Subscriber. Possession may be had on the 5th of May.

R. VEITCH.

April 15. 8tw—2awtf

In future I shall attend the High Court of Chancery as well as the Court of Appeals.

BEN. BOTTS.

February 28.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale, by the Subscriber, at his Store in Fairfax Street, next door to Dr. Stabler's, in addition to his former Stock,

Supe fine Flanders' Edging
Cambricks
Kid Gloves of the first quality
White and black Lustrings
Men's white and black Silk Hose
Nankeens and Ginghams, and
60 boxes of Claret of a very good quality.

A. C. CAZENOVE.

April 17.

Just Received
AND FOR SALE BY
Josiah Faxon, & Co.

BOSTON and Rhode-Island Lime, a quantity of Lymington Salt, suitable for the Fisheries; 50 Boxes of Window Glass, of the following sizes, 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12; 20 Casks of Malaga Wine; Mould and Dipt Candles; a few Boxes of Chocolate; Gin in Cases; Mackerel and Herrings in Barrels; Loaf Sugar; a quantity of New England Plank, and a general assortment of BOOTS and SHOES as usual, which will be sold on moderate terms.

N. B. A few first quality GRINDSTONES.

March 25. 3wep

TO LET,

A House on Fairfax-Street,

and another on Water Street. Apply for terms to JAMES KENNEDY, jun.

March 15.

R. T. Hooe & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

From Hamburg, by the schooner Neptune, Capt. Coleman, and

HAVE FOR SALE,

A Quantity of Hessian Linens, Britannias, Platillas and Bagging.

They have likewise on hand a few bales of British Shirtings, Barbadoes Sugar in hhds. and barrels, and a few hhds. of Molasses.

Alexandria, January 25, 1800. tf.

To Cover at Mount Vernon

THE WELL KNOWN JACK

KNIGHT OF MALTA.

HE will stand for this season at Mount Vernon Mills, and will cover Mares at the reduced price of Eight Dollars each—and a half a dollar to the Groom, to be paid before the mares are taken away. The season will commence the 1st day of April, and end the 1st day of August, ensuing.

☞ Good and extensive pasturage gratis—but no responsibility for escapes, or accidents.

JAMES ANDERSON.

March 18, 1800. tf

MADDER.

1,500 Weight of Madder just imported, and of the first quality, for Sale by

ROBERTS & GRIFFITH.

April 8. 3taw—1awgw.

☞ NOTICE.

IF JAMES THOMPSON, the Son of James and Catharine Thompson, (or the heirs of his body, if they be living) will apply to the Subscriber, in Charles County, State of Maryland, he or they will hear of something to his or their advantage, by the death of his Mother and Brother. The aforesaid James Thompson's Father died some years past, after which his Mother married a certain James Wood.

JOHN MARSHALL.

Robert Patten
HAS FOR SALE,

Sugar in hogsheads and barrels,
Coffee in bags and casks,
Rum in hogsheads,
And a few Pipes of OLD FRENCH BRANDY, which he will exchange for produce, or sell at a credit of 90 or 120 days.

March 20.

Post-Office, Alexandria,

April 7, 1800.

The Summer Arrangement of the Mails having commenced, the Northern and Southern Mails will both arrive every Evening (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock—and close every evening (Saturdays excepted) at 9 o'clock precisely.

The Western Mail will arrive, as usual, every Saturday at 4 o'clock, P. M.—and close on Sunday morning, at 8 o'clock.

Office Hours at the Post Office every day, (Sundays excepted.)

From 9 to 12 o'clock, A. M.
From 4 to 9 o'clock, P. M.

JAMES M. M'REA, P. M.

I intend to leave these States in a few days, and embark for Europe. All those having claims against the firm of Bolte and Focke will please to bring them in.

CHARLES FOCKE.

Alexandria, April 2.

WOOD
WILL BE DELIVERED,
AT
Pamonky Landing,
About 12 miles below Alexandria,

To any person who may wish to purchase any number of Cords, on the cheapest Terms. Apply to the Printer hereof.

For Sale,

TWENTY Tons of TIMOTHY HAY, of good quality. The price one Dollar per hundred at this place, when not less than 1500lbs. are taken away at a time.

SAMUEL LOVE.

Salisbury, April 5, 1800. 3t

FEDERALIST,
(got by St. George)

NOW IN HIGH PERFECTION,

WILL stand the ensuing season at Mr. E. Washington's smith's shop, on Tuesdays and Wednesdays—at Mr. John Stewart's tavern (near Mr. Ricketts's mill) on Thursdays and Fridays, and at the subscriber's stable on Saturdays, and Mondays, to cover mares at the moderate price of FIVE DOLLARS, which may be discharged by the payment of FOUR in the season, which will commence on the first day of April, and end on the 15th July. Federalist was got by old imported St. George, and came out of a thorough bred mare which was got by imported Eclipse—his grand-dam by Nonpareille—his great-grand-dam by the old imported Jolly Roger. The appearance of the horse denotes strength and activity. Therefore it is unnecessary to say more of him.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ALSO

A Stout Young Jack,

(got by the old Knight of Malta) which will stand at the subscriber's stable, the ensuing season, and cover mares at the moderate price of SIX DOLLARS.

DANIEL M'C. CHICHESTER.

March 18. 7wiaw.

I Will contract for the delivery of any quantity of good White Oak Plank of any thickness, White Oak or Gum Logs—and if wanted, I could have House Framing of any size sawed, either of Oak or Gum. The above articles can be delivered in Alexandria, or at the Head of Dogue Creek.

W. H. FOOTE.

Hayfield, March 26. 3w

IMPORTED,

By the Subscriber, in the ship Perseverance, from Liverpool, via Baltimore, and now opened, at his Store, on King Street, next door to Messrs. Andrew & Wm Ramsay's.

A Neat and extensive assortment of printed calicoes and chintzes, a great variety of furniture calicoes, calico, shirting from 2s8 to 4s4 sterling cost, Scotch and Wilting carpets; with suitable borders, stair carpeting, ladies' fashionable hats and bonnets, gentlemen's fashionable hats, ladies' muffs and tippets, a few pair of elegant looking glasses, elegant japann'd tea trays, tea caddies, &c. plate warmers, mahogany knife cases, with ivory handled knives and forks complete, a few elegant register stoves.

ELEGANT PRINTS,
With burnished gold frames, viz.

Representation of the Battle of the Nile in four different views, portrait of Admiral Nelson, Lord Howe's Victory 1st June, 1794, Sortie of Gibralter during the memorable siege, Death of Major Pierson, &c. &c.

STATIONARY.

Blank books, writing paper, Dutch quills, &c.

GARDEN SEEDS,

Assorted in small boxes, costing about 30s. sterling each. These seeds were put up late in October last, by a Seedsman of reputation in London.

The above goods are offered on very moderate terms, for Cash or Country Produce.

ROBERT PATTON.

March 6.

Fairfax, ss. *March Court*, 1800.

Washington Bowie, Plaintiff,
vs.
William B. Magruder, Tho's Lund Washington, William H. Washington, and John Luke, Defts. } In Chancery.

THE Defendants, William Bufrell Magruder and Thomas Lund Washington, not having entered their appearance and given security, according to the act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth—on the motion of the said Plaintiff, by his Counsel, it is ordered, that the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of June Term next, and answer the bill of the Plaintiff; and that the said Defendants, Washington and Luke, do not pay, convey away, or secrete any of the Debts, Monies, or Effects of the other Defendants, in their hands, until the further order and decree of this Court—And that a Copy of this Order be forthwith inserted in the Newspaper, printed in Alexandria, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court House of the County of Fairfax.

(A Copy)
Test, G. DENEALE, C. F.

For Sale,

A Negro Man and his Wife, for a term of years—Also, a Negro Boy, about 12 years of age. The man is accustomed to gardening and taking care of horses.

N. B. A quantity of Cord Wood for Sale.

For farther particulars apply to the Printer of the Columbian Mirror.

March 15. 3wiaw

I Do hereby request that all those, either in Country or Town, who are now indebted to the Printing Business, lately conducted by Henry Gird, jun. will please to make immediate payment to Messrs. Bennett & Watts, of Alexandria, with whom the Books are lodged. If this request is not attended to, suits will be commenced generally.

JOHN FOWLER.

April 1, 1800. 3w

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the Subscriber, an indented Servant Man, named NATHAN LEAR, about 30 years of age, pitted with the small pox, black hair, long nose, pale complexion, about 5 feet 10 inches high, and stout made—It is difficult to tell of what nation he is, as he is a good scholar, and speaks French, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese and Hebrew: says he was bred in the Jewish religon. He took with him a pair of blue trowsers, a pair of drab do. a light mixed broadcloth coat, with a black cape, a do. of the same colour, patched on the side, three or four waistcoats, one of which was green and white striped, two linen shirts, no shoes or stockings but those he wore off, and a new felt hat. He went off with a Dutchman, about his own size, named Bush Cose, a sail maker by trade. The above reward, with all reasonable charges, will be paid for apprehending the above servant and lodging him in any jail in the United States.

ZACHARIAH KEEN,
Sign of the Moon and Stars, Fell's Point.

Baltimore, March 25. 4t

At a Court of Hustings, held for the Town of Alexandria, 7th day of December, 1799.

John Potts, Plaintiff,
vs.
Tench Ringold, and Joseph Mandeville and Robert B. Jamesson, Defts. } In Chancery.

THE Defendant, Tench Ringold, not having entered his appearance and given security, according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that he is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth—on the motion of the said Plaintiff, by his Counsel, it is ordered, that the said Defendant do appear here on the first day of July Term next, and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff; and that the said Defendants, Joseph Mandeville and Robert B. Jamesson, do not pay, convey away, or secrete any of the debts, monies, or effects of the other Defendant, in their hands, until the further decree or order of this Court—And that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in one of the Newspapers printed in Alexandria, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-House of the County of Fairfax.

(A Copy)
Test, G. DENEALE, C. C.

MARCUS,
One of the House-Servants at Mount Vernon,

ABSCONDED on the second instant, and since has not been heard of. He is a young lad, about 16 years of age, a bright Mulatto, dark blue eyes, long black hair, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, and of a slender make. He had on when he left this place a coat and jacket of dark mixture, black and white, and black breeches—but having various suits, one of black, and another of very light drab, it is uncertain which of these he now wears. Originally his name was Billy, and possibly he may resume the same. It is very probable he may attempt to pass for one of those Negroes that did belong to the late General Washington, and whom Mrs. Washington intends in the Fall of this year to liberate—the public are therefore warned against any such imposition, as he is one of those Negroes which belong to the estate of Washington P. Custis, Esq. and held by right of dower by Mrs. Washington during her life.

I will give Ten Dollars Reward to any person who shall apprehend the said Negro and lodge him in some safe gaol, upon producing me a certificate to the effect; and will also pay all reasonable charges over and above this Reward, for the delivery of him to me at this place.

Ship Masters are hereby forewarned not to take on board Marcus; and those who are found to secrete or harbour him, will be punished as the law directs.

JAMES ANDERSON.

Mount Vernon, April 11.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Latest from Europe.

BOSTON, APRIL 14.

Yesterday arrived here, the ship John Adams, captain Tolman, 54 days from Liverpool.—By her we have received London papers to Feb. 13th, which though several days later than before came to hand, contained nothing of great importance.

In the British house of lords, the the 12th Feb. lord Holland, after a very lengthy speech in which he highly censured the preparitory proceedings of the British ministers in the late expedition to Holland, moved for a committee of the whole to inquire into the causes of its failure. This motion was negatived, after a short debate.

For it,	6
Against it,	69

In the course of the observations made on this subject, it appeared, that the whole number of troops employed on the Dutch expedition, was 45,000; and that only 800 of the British troops were killed in the course of it. Lord Mulgrave said it was a question of climate, wind and weather; and that, to those alone were to be attributed the failure of the expedition.

On the same day, the army and navy supplies were granted in the house of commons, the whole number of the army voted, was 192,000, which is 32,000 less than that voted the last year; although the standing army is thereby augmented to 40,000.

The subject of the legislative union of Ireland with Great-Britain, was laid before the Irish parliament, the 6th February; by a message from the lord lieutenant. The union is to take place in January, 1801, and the two kingdoms after that period are to bear the name of the *United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.* This message it was moved should be taken into consideration; and a debate ensued; when on a division, the numbers stood ayes 158—noes 115—majority 43, in favor of the union.

Under the Hamburg date of the 4th of February, we find the following articles; "The intelligence is at length confirmed, that the Russian troops have, in consequence of the differences existing between Austria and Russia, received orders to return home. This event has caused considerable anxiety throughout Germany; and England is the only power that will be in a state, after the re establishment of the usual communication, to effect once more a change in the determination of the emperor Paul. Russia and England are on such terms of reciprocal friendship, that every thing may be hoped from the interference of the latter.

"By the comments on this article, in the London papers, the fact appears substantiated, that the emperor Paul waits to be *coaxed* by Great Britain, before he will again cordially take his brother of Austria by the hand. This circumstance, however, has not abated the commanding tone which the British ministry have assumed."

It appears probable that the high consul of France, is in treaty with the sublime Porte; for we find by a Paris article, that the Turkish ambassador at Paris, had conferred with Mr. Talleyrand, after the receipt of dispatches from Constantinople, and afterwards had dined with Buonaparte.

Mr. Pitt has given notice he shall require a loan of 21,000,000l. sterling.

The Loire frigate, has captured a French frigate of 40 guns, after a smart action.

The king of Prussia equally resists the persuations of France, as the threats of Russia, to urge him to relinquish his neutrality.

The Hetty, Meale, from New York, is taken by the French, and carried into St. Andero. Lloyd's list February 11.

The English channel fleet, under sir Allen Gardner, was at sea, February 8.

A report was current at Liverpool, at the time of the sailing of the John Adams, that the American envoys to France, had arrived at Paris; had been cordially received; and that in consequence, orders had been issued for the release of all the Americans confined in France. This Liverpool report is entirely groundless.—Our envoys were at Burgos, in Spain, on the 10th February; which is 770 miles from Paris. Having stated this geographical fact, we need give no other reason for contradicting the article. We have no doubt, as a preparatory measure, the French consul has set our prisoners at liberty.

To many other respectful tributes of applause of the life, talents and virtues of our Washington; it is with pleasure we add the following, the pathetic effusion of one of the French Legislators:

LEGISLATIVE BODY.

13th Pluviose, February 2.

In speaking of General Washington, Felix Faulcon said

This is not the moment to retrace in this hall all that that great man has done for the freedom of America; the number and importance of his warlike exploits; the generous inspiration with which he animated the French who fought under him; and the sublime act by which he did eternal honour to his memory, when, after having contributed so much to give freedom to his country, he laid down voluntarily the supreme power to hide his glory in the obscurity of private life.

Malice and mean jealousy have attempted to spread a deadly venom over so great a life; but their perfidious insinuations are lost in the universal suffrages of his grateful fellow-patriots, and of all the free men in the universe.

Yet he is no more the hero whose eulogium affords pleasure to great minds; who has doubly merited the civic palm, both as a warrior and as a citizen; who combined every virtue with every talent; who, after having begun and supported the revolution by his abilities, his valor and virtue, knew how to terminate it by the moderation as well as the wisdom of his counsels; who has done more yet than render his countrymen free, who has rendered them happy.

Oh legislators! feel you not your souls swell at these illustrious recollections, which, by a privilege worthy to be envied, are connected with nothing to be regretted, and create none but sweet and elevated emotions? Do you not desire that this tribune, where we are forbidden to mix our voices in legislative discussions, should at least serve to shew the impression of our gratitude, of our veneration, of our unanimous sorrow? Do you not feel the necessity of joining our portion of funeral praise to that which all free people will address to the manes of the magnanimous Washington; and which we owe him still more particularly, we, among whom the electric example of the American revolution sowed the first seeds of the desire of independence? He moved, that the president should on the 28th Trimaire, (the anniversary of the day of the general's death) make a speech in honor of the hero whose loss every one deplores.

FROM THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

From the Shop of Mess. Colon & Spondee.

AN AUTHOR'S EVENINGS.

There have been many attempts, particularly in the English language, to employ technical terms and allusions in humorous poetry. Perhaps no one was ever happier than the following, addressed

To an Ironmonger, on his Birth Day.

Oh, Lockman, may thy angel true
Thy chain of life extend,
And add a thousand links thereto;
So prays thy merry friend.

And may'st thou neither rust nor stain,
Nor canker ever feel;
With heart as soft as silken skein,
Thy ribs be ribs of steel.

Loud as a cannon through the land,
May thy good name resound;
And the strong hammer of thy hand
Thy enemies confound.

Aided by thee my verses flow,
Their tinkle owe to thee;
As iron sharp'neth iron, so
Thy friendship sharp'neth me.

Keen be thy sense, like sword's that try'd,
Thy wit, like point of prong,
Thy judgment, like a saw, divide
The right side from the wrong.

Firm as an anvil may'st thou bear
The strokes of every clime;
And, like a harden'd file, still wear
The teeth of envious time.

Round in thyself, like polish'd ball,
Shine always smooth and bright;
When other ironmongers fall
May'st thou stand bolt upright.

And when life's forge will work no more,
Fire gone, and metal cold,
Alchymist death, at touch, thy ore
Shall all transmute to gold.

While ploughs shall turn the fertile mould,
While needles seek the pole,
While fetters, locks and bars shall hold,
Thy love shall nail my soul.

FROM THE NEW YORK DAILY GAZETTE.

MR. LANG,

The enclosed decision of the judge of the court of vice admiralty, at New Providence, has just been received, and as the interests of many of our fellow citizens may be affected, by the event of similar decrees, it has been judged proper to request you will give it publicity through your gazette, in order that naturalized citizens of this country may know precisely, on what ground they stand with respect to the trade they may prosecute under an idea of neutrality. The case in question was relative to certain merchandizes shipped by Mr. Dwpuy, of this city, on the ship Diana, bound from this port to Havanna, and detained at New Providence for proof of neutrality —On the return of a commission sent here for that purpose, it was eventually condemned for the reasons stated in the decree.

I am Sir, yours, &c.
J. T.

King
vs.
Diane, } In return of commission.

This question might, in my opinion, with great justice, be considered in this way: What was Dwpuy at the period when hostilities commenced between England and France? Was he a French or an American subject? If he were the former, the effects of letters of marque and reprizals issued by England attach to his property, as well as to that of those who reside in France, and no act of his own, nor that of any foreign neutral state, can enable him to get rid of them, or extricate him from the relations in which the acts of his own sovereign has placed him, with respect to the nation with which he is at war. A man's leaving his own country, and going to another, can never, in reason or in law, be supposed to work a total change in his political condition. To accomplish this, every society has prescribed certain qualifications to be necessary, certain forms and acts to be complied with and done, whereby, not only the will of the individual, but also that of the government may be expressed. It is a case of stipulation, where both parties must possess the liberty of assent and refusal; and I apprehend that, until the former is signified, they remain precisely as they were, and the individual must be concluded and bound by the act of his original sovereign.

The regulations in America (for instance) are in strict conformity with these principles. In the present instance, I have not to consider whether the individual, at any time, has a right to transfer his allegiance; this is a question between himself and his own sovereign. I have only to consider, whether there may not be cases, where, in equity the perfect rights which a state of war mutually confers on belligerent powers, may not be receded from notwithstanding—these are strictly speaking, in no wise affected by the laws and regulations of any neutral state whatever. I have thrown out these suggestions, merely to shew how far, in my opinion, the court might, possibly, be warranted in acting without intending to make them the guide of its decisions in all cases. I have reflected much on the subject of naturalization, and am of opinion, that there is no color or pretence to exempt from the usual consequences of war, any subject of the republic of France, who was not naturalized in America previous to the month of February, '95.

In favor of those who were naturalized in '93, and '94, it may be alledged, that they did leave their own country with the design of becoming citizens of America, in a time of profound peace, and that where this intention has been manifested to have been in bona fide beyond the possibility of contradiction or doubt by their complying without delay, with the forms prescribed in America for that purpose, immediately on the expiration of the term limited for their previous residence within the American Territory; I say, in favor of persons of this description, I may, on principles of equity, recede from the rigid adherence to the maxims of strict right, and distinguish between them and those men who, by not becoming citizens of America, as above stated, cannot be supposed at the commencement of hostilities, to have had any intention whatever to transfer their allegiance, or change their political situation.

In the particular case now under consideration, although Dwpuy states his residence to have been in America for upwards of seven years, yet it is evident, that he was not an American Citizen till the month of August ninety-five, a period beyond that when, had he any intention or wish to have transferred his allegiance, he might have done it of more than five years; He might have become an American citizen before the war commenced: his not doing it is to me quiet convincing, that he considered himself a subject of France long after the declaration of war.

WHEREFORE, I do condemn the goods and merchandize of the said James Dwpuy, as good and lawful prize to our sovereign lord the king, and direct the same to be divided among the captors according to the terms of this proclamation.

JOHN KELSALL, J. C. V. A.
December 12th, 1799.

It is ordered that the property claimed by, or in behalf of R. Le Brun, be restored to him or his assigns.

JOHN KELSALL, J. C. V. A.
December 12th, 1799.

FROM THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

[*In this dull hour of "spongy" April, when the fields are too moist, and the air too musky, for men to expatiate abroad, suppose that they should exclaim "welcome, kindred glooms, and be willing to encounter Ennui, a dull Saturday and a heavy sermon."*]

"*Why art thou, being the king's son, lean from day to day?*

ALL men, whether the sons of a king or a hind, will be lean from day to day, yea much emaciated, if harrassed by furious passions, as that vicious youth was, to whom the above anxious question was propoled.

But to understand the moral, we must first tell a short story.

Among the numerous progeny of David, was the princess Tamar, a very fair, and as it appears, a very virtuous young woman. Her charms would naturally attract admirers, and, in that crowd of lovers who presented themselves at the toilet of high birth and beauty, a brother was strangely and unfortunately the foremost. Ammon the son of David was the criminal enamorata. In the strong language of the context, he was so vexed that he fell sick for his sister. It is melancholy to dwell upon the depravity of human nature; and none, but demoniac painters, delight in sketching, what demands colors, entirely black. The disgusting progress of unnatural passion, it were unnecessary and injurious to detail. And some useful lessons may be acquired, by attending to the import of that interrogation, copied in the text. The disorder of Ammon's mind was so legible in his face, that Jonadab, his friend, demanded of him, "Why art thou, being the king's son, lean from day to day."

The response assigned a cause, which it is true, was enough to create inquietude in any breast; that he was in love with one forbidden him, by natural and divine laws, that he was preposterously inchanted with the person of his own sister.

Tempestuous passion! how lean! how care-worn, how forlorn are thy subjects. Let fortune's favourites, let a prince banquet on the rich cates of a palace, and if thou, tyrannic power, impel he shall not be filled with good things, but shall go lean and hungry away.

Why art thou, O Miser, lean amid thy store? Thy coffers look full, but thin are thy sides and cheeks. A common gazer would suppose thou hadst enough to "buy food and get thee into flesh."—Thou art not in love with thy sister, nor with any of the human race, thou art not worn with anxiety for the child of misfortune, nor careful with much care of the stranger that is within thy gates.—They are never opened but to him who wanteth to borrow—on usury. But we ask of thee, sullen mortal, these questions? when thou lockest up thy gold from the claims of others, from the claims of thy-self, 'tis AVARICE that bids thee grow lean, commands, like ruthless Shylock, a pound of flesh from the heart.

No external circumstances, however fair and flourishing, can prevent that emphatical species of dinning, generated by vile passions. Men may become consumptive from an ill habit of the body; but there is a wasting of the spirit; and this disorder who can heal?

Let us therefore, be on our guard a gainſt the deleterious effects of paſſion.—Why ſhould we ſtrive to be lean from day to day? when on the common bounties of Providence we may fatten. Men reduce themſelves to ſkeletons by immoderate indulgences, and force their friends to aſk the painful queſtion why do ye ſo. Fe[illegible] ye are kings over yourſelves! Criminal deſires, and corroding cares reduce health and happineſs. If we muſt be anxious in any purſuit, let it be in queſt of virtue: If we muſt, in the words of a picturesque writer, be ſolicitous, let us for God's ſake be ſolicitous only to live well

THE LAY PREACHER.

FROM THE COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

DESCRIPTION OF A BEAU.

A Beau, a thing of preſent conſequence, though once claſſed with monkies, is a hipped, featherleſs, but in ſome meaſure fond of the rude covering of nature, ſince he ſuffers the hair to ſpread over his jowls, aiming, without doubt, at the beauty of the Buffalœ;—his hair is docked behind, much like the tail of a Dutch horſe; around his neck he wears a large bolſter, inſide a ſtrip'd cravat, which a man ignorant of the mode, would ſuppoſe was a cataplaſm for the quinſey, his coats, and waiſtcoats are made with rolling capes, reſembling an old faſhioned riding dreſs; and if his wardrobe allows it, which is not always the caſe, he generally changes them twice a day. His breeches or with the greateſt propriety his ſmall cloths, ſtick to him as his ſkin; and were it not for an elaſtic band, which is connected with them and hangs athwart his ſhoulders, he could not politely ſtoop, to take up a Bells' fan without cracking. His ſmall cloths are either faſtened at the knees by a buckle, placed under the ham, and thence properly denominated a ham buckle; or tied by a bunch of ſilk ferret, which hangs dangling down his legs reſembling, to uſe a Dutch phraſe—cold ſlaws; his ſtockings are ringed, ſpeckled and ſtreaked, like Jacobs calves—his ſhoes are ſometimes covered with ribbons, impreſſed with a miniature buckle. His cane, alias canee, alias ſtickee, is very much like an Iriſhman's Shelalah, and ſo ſhort that he never pretends to reach the ground with it.

The behaviour of theſe "creachures" is inſolent and full of affectation, indicative of that ſelf ſufficiency, which is the offspring of ignorance, and of that pride which ſprings from meanneſs. They are very apt to complain of the wine, the bread or the tea, which are brought them; for this however the poor devils are not ſo blamable, ſince it proceeds from a miſtaken idea, ſtarted by their fruitful imaginations, in comparing their own manner of living at home, with that of people abroad, ſo that ſcarce any diſh, procurable by hoaſts in general, can ſatisfy thoſe, who make very cheap meals at their own tables. *They are commonly lean, meagre animals, but once in a while comes a long red faced, butcherly looking fellow, with a frame inſupportable. You may frequently ſee them at church, not to receive religious inſtruction but merely to ſee* pretty girls *(as they term it) and parading Cornhill, to obſerve the movements of the fair ſex; they who by the by, deteſt them, and ever ſeek to ſhun their diſagreeable company.*

M. B.

N. B. They pretend to know much about Paris, London, &c. but, never ſaw une rue de Paris, *or St. Pauls Church.*

A curious account of a Wild Man.

The following relation, concerning a wild man, though but little known, is well authenticated.—The account is tranſlated from a work publiſhed at Paris, by M. Le Roy.

"*In the year* 1774, *a ſavage or wild man was diſcovered by the ſhepherds, who feed their flock in the neighbourhood of the foreſt of Yuary. This man, who inhabited rocks that lay near the foreſt, was very tall, covered with hair, like a hair, nimble as the Hiſars, of a gay humour, and in all appearance, of a mild character, as he neither aid, nor ſeemed to intend harm to any body. He often viſited the cottages, without ever attempting to carry off any thing. He had no knowledge of bread, milk, or cheeſe. His greateſt amuſement was to ſee the ſheep running, and to ſcatter them, and he teſtified his pleaſure at this ſight by loud fits of laughter, but never attempted to hurt theſe innocent animals.—When the ſhepherds (as was frequently the caſe) let looſe their dogs after him, he fled with the ſwiftneſs of an arrow ſhot from a bow, and never allowed the dogs to come too near him.—One morning he came to the cottage of ſome workmen, and one of them endeavored to catch him by the leg; he laughed heartily, and then made his eſcape. He ſeemed to be about thirty years of age. As the foreſt in queſtion is very extenſive and has a communication with vaſt woods belonging to the Spaniſh territory, it is natural to ſuppoſe that this ſolitary, but cheerful creature, had been loſt in his infancy, and had ſubſiſted on herbs.*

ANECDOTE.

Three paſtors of Congregations in a neighbouring town, joined on the road on Sunday, as they were riding to their reſpective places of preaching. They naturally converſed on the ſtate of religion among their flocks, and while thus engaged, they were overtaken by a Farmer. I am much chagrined (ſays one of them) to find that ſome of my congregation are ſtrongly inclined to *Arminianiſm*; good words are a broken reed, and I fear they are too much relied on. I wiſh I had no more to complain of, ſays the ſecond, than yourſelf; but a more dangerous doctrine has made its appearance among my people, they are tinctured with the hereſy of *Socinianiſm*: *Socinianiſm*! Bad, indeed, ſays the firſt, I pray God you may ſucceed in getting rid of it. So do I too (ſays the third) but I have a ſtill more baneful opinion to contend with in the courſe of my duty; what (cried the two firſt) worſe than *Socinianiſm*? Yes, my friend, it is with *Deiſm*, that I have to combat. They looked at each other with aſtoniſhment; they joined in common lamentation: a more dreadful evil could not happen: a more terrible enemy they could not encounter. I really am not acquainted, gentlemen, (ſays the farmer) with the difficulties you have to deal with, for I do not well underſtand what theſe *iſms* are; I dare ſay they are very bad things, but I am much miſtaken if there be not a worſe *iſm* than either of them in our townſhip. "What! worſe than *Deiſm*! Impoſſible—Sir, you cannot ſurely mean *Atheiſm*?" No, indeed, gentlemen, ſays the Farmer, I have a notion it muſt be ſtill worſe than that, it is the RHEUMATISM.

PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 19.

Circuit Court of the United States.

This morning, the cauſe United States *v.* Thomas Cooper, being called, the defendant ſtated, that he had applied to the ſecretary of ſtate, for authentic copies of certain addreſſes to, and anſwers from the preſident of the United States—that he was informed that theſe documents were not depoſited in that office—he then made a ſimilar requeſt of the Preſident, to which he received no anſwer. After this he obtained a printed collection of addreſſes and anſwers, which he tranſmitted to Mr. Shaw, private ſecretary to the Preſident, with a requeſt that he would compare them with the originals To this application Mr. Shaw returned a poſitive refuſal. Thus debarred of what he conceived his moſt eſſential evidence, Cooper declared himſelf unprepared for his trial.

Judge Chaſe informed him that he was totally miſtaken in the mode of his proceeding. There was no law or reaſon upon which he could demand theſe papers.—The defendant is charged with having publiſhed a falſe, ſcandalous and malicious libel; at the time of this publication he ſhould have been in poſſeſſion of proof to juſtify it. If he riſked it on his own judgment, or on newſpaper extracts, it was his own fault, and the conſequences muſt fall on himſelf.

Some plea, more ſubſtantial than this, muſt be offered before the court could order a poſtponement of the cauſe. Cooper then entered an affidavit, declaring that in conſequence of the non-attendance of certain witneſſes he was not prepared to meet his trial;—for which reaſon, he hoped, it would be transferred to next term.

The plea being deemed inſufficient, the trial proceeded, and Mr. Rawle, attorney general, opened the caſe.

Extract of a letter from Mr. King, Miniſter Plenipotentiary of the U. States of America in London, to Mr. Pickering, Secretary of State, dated London, 31ſt December 1799.

"The proviſional Government of France revealed on the 29th inſtant the law of the 29th Nivoſe, 6th year [18th Jan. 1798]—and declared that the regulations of 1778 in reſpect to the rights of belligerents and neutrals ſhould in future be ſtrictly obſerved."

From a London paper of February 10.

The croud to get into the gallery of the commons to hear the late debate on the ſubject of peace was unprecedently great. The people aſſembled at day light and continued till the doors were opened. The gallery would not contain one ſixth part of the candidates for ſeat. Many perſons were injured in the croud.

Mr. Fox, in his ſpeech of the late overtures for peace, took occaſion to ſpeak in the moſt handſome terms of the deceaſed general *Waſhington*.

It is ſaid Dumourier is at Peterſburg; and is to have a command on the Rhine.

Alexandria, April 24.

A Poll was opened yeſterday, at the New Court-Houſe in this County, for the Election of a Senator for the Diſtrict of Prince William and Fairfax, and two Delegates to repreſent the latter county in the State Legiſlature.—Mr. T. MASON we underſtand has a majority in this county as a Senator, and Meſſrs. T. SWANN, and N. FITZHUGH are elected its Repreſentatives.

At the ſupreme court held in the city of New-York, the 3d inſt. W'm Durell, late printer at Mount Pleaſant, was tried for ſedition, and ſentenced to 4 months impriſonment, and to pay a fine of 50l.

Number of Veſſels in the harbour of Charleſton the 18 inſtant.

Ships 30—Brigs 36—Snow 1—Barques 4—Schooners 35—Sloops 12—Total, excluſive of coaſters, 118.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

The votes for governor from 198 towns on the 15th inſtant, were,

For Strong,	13,085
Gerry,	12,741
Majority for Strong	344

The ſhip Stafford, of 16 guns, from Baltimore for London, with a cargo worth 30,000l. has been taken by the French and retaken by the Engliſh, together with the veſſel which captured her.

Extract of a letter from the American Conſul at Liverpool, dated February 8.

"Wheat is ſtill riſing, and may now be quoted at 22s. per 70lbs."

Sales by Auction.

THIS DAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be ſold, at our Auction-Room,

Sugar in hhds. and barrels
Molaſſes in hhds.
Whiſkey in tierces and barrels
Young Hyſon, Hyſon and Hyſon Skin Teas in quarter cheſts
Houſehold Furniture
Pork in barrels
Malaga Wine
4 hhds. firſt quality Claret
10 boxes bloom Raiſin,
Cotton in bales
Coffee in bags
Soap and Candles in boxes
Beef in barrels
A quantity of Bacon, &c.

And at a credit of 60 days;

Young Hyſon and Hyſon Skin Teas, and a few hhds. of old Jamaica Spirits,

Together with

A general aſſortment of

DRY GOODS;

Amongſt which are

Muſlins, Dimities, Mohair, Muſlinets, Silk Threads, Chintzes, Calicoes, Ginghams, Iriſh Linens, Shoes, &c.

HEWES & MILLER, Auct.

April 24.

Public Sale.

TO MORROW,

At 10 o'clock, will be ſold at the Vendue-Store.

Sugar in hogſheads and barrels
Molaſſes in hhds. and barrels
Whiſkey in tierces & barrels
Malaga Wine in caſks
Young Hyſon, Hyſon-Skin and Bohea Teas in cheſts
Coffee in bags
Chocolate in boxes
Soap in boxes
A quantity of Spaniſh hides, &c.

Together with

A general aſſortment of DRY GOODS.

Amongſt which are

Tambour'd Lapette, plain and printed muſlins, muſlin handkerchiefs, lawn handkerchiefs, Scotch thread, cotton ſtockings, &c.

LIKEWISE

A Quantity of INDIA MUSLINS.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

April 24.

Cottom & Stewart

Have received a quantity of

PAPER HANGINGS,

Conſiſting of the neweſt and moſt elegant patterns, which they will ſell on moderate terms.

April 24. 3t

NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the Eſtate of ANDREW WALES, deceaſed, will pleaſe to call and pay the amount to the Executors; and any that have accounts againſt the ſaid eſtate will pleaſe preſent them, legally proved that the buſineſs may be brought to a cloſe as ſoon as poſſible.

THO'S VOWELL, Jun. } Ex'rs.
JOHN BOYER, }

February 8.

CATLETT & MEEKS

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

1000lbs. of Gunpowder, of an excellent quality, a quantity of Veniſon Hams, and Firkin-Butter.

They have alſo on Hand,

Coffee and ſugars of different qualities, molaſſes, ſoap and candles in boxes, and Spaniſh indigo; all of which they offer for ſale for Caſh.

April 24.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Cantonment, at Harper's Ferry, on the 15th inſtant, three private Soldiers in the 8th United States Regiment of Infantry—viz.

EDWARD SMITH, aged 23 years, 5 feet 6 inches high, grey eyes, light hair, and fair complexion; born in Loudoun County, Virginia; wore a ſtriped gingham coat.

JOEL WHITE, aged 20 years, 5 feet 9 inches high, dark eyes, brown hair; born in Loudoun County; wore away plain clothes.

JOHN HAIR, a very handſome man, born in Cheſter County, Pennſylvania, aged 19 yeers, 6 feet high, blue eyes, light hair, and fair complexion; wore a gingham coat.

Whoever ſhall take up ſaid Deſerters and lodge them in gaol, or deliver them to any officer of the army of the United States, ſhall receive the above reward and reaſonable charges; or for either of them a proportionable compenſation.

HENRY PIERCY, Capt.
8th U. S. R. I

April 20. epim

By virtue of a Deed of Truſt from Baldwin Dade to the Subſcriber, for the purpoſe of raiſing the ſum of 4,000 Dollars, with intereſt thereupon, from the 16th of April, 1799, due from the ſaid Dade to William Hodgſon,

Will be expoſed to Public Sale,

On the tenth day of May next, at the Coffee-Houſe, in the Town of Alexandria, for ready money,

A Piece or Parcel of Land,

contiguos to the Town of Alexandria, lying upon both ſides of the George-Town road, and extending from thence down to the river Potomak; containing by eſtimation 83 acres. A more particular deſcription of the land may be had by a reference to the Deed of Truſt, in the poſſeſſion of William Hodgſon.

THOMAS SWANN.

April 8. tdſ

FOR SALE,

The following Property:

A Tract of Land, in Loudoun County, near the Blue Ridge; on which the Subſcriber now lives, containing 311 acres of level farming land; a good part of which may be eaſily converted into meadow, about 200 acres are in wood, and the remainder ready for farming. There are on the premiſes a ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, 46 by 32 feet, yet unfiniſhed, and ſeveral uſeful out houſes.

Alſo, a Tract of Land, in Stafford County, containing 137 acres; on which are an excellent orchard, and ſeveral houſes, a little out of repair. There is a leaſe on this land for a few years, the tenant paying me a rent of 2000 wt. of Tobacco.

Likewiſe, a Leaſe for 165 Acres of Land, in the Manor of Leeds, in Loudoun County, adjoining the leaſe of Samuel Bartlett; on which there is an abundance of valuable timber, none of it being ever cut down.

As the ſubſcriber is deſirous of removing to the Weſtward, a great bargain will be given; the terms of which will be made known on application to him on the firſt mentioned land.

THOMAS A. HEREFORD.

April 14. 1aaf

JUST LANDING

From Norfolk, and for Sale by the Subſcriber,

400 Buſhels of beſt Liverpool Salt
20 Barrels of Tar
Freſh Lemons
Freſh Muſkadell Raiſins
Sweet Oil
Capers and Anchovies, and
A few excellent double and ſingle GLOUCESTER CHEESES.

ABEL WILLIS.

April 22.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the Potomak Company,

ABOUT 30 ſtout, able-bodied MEN, as Labourers, who will receive liberal wages, and be hired by the month, but under full certainty of meeting with ſteady employment from ſaid Company, nearly, if not altogether, to the cloſe of the preſent year; during which ſervice good wholeſome proviſions, with ſuitable drink, will be ſupplied for their ſubſiſtence. Application to be made either to the Subſcriber, in George Town, or to Mr. Baltzer Sewall, at the Great Falls.

JOSEPH CARLETON,
Treaſurer P Comp.

George Town, March 29, 1800. 3w

Just Published,

And for Sale, at

Cottom & Stewart's

BOOK-STORE,

FUNERAL DIRGE,

Played by the

ALEXANDRIA BAND,

At the Funeral of

GENERAL WASHINGTON,

Adapted for the Harpsichord—Price 25 Cents.

February 18. 4t

☞ NOTICE.

THE County Court of Fairfax is adjourned from the Town of Alexandria to the new Court House, in the centre of the County, where all Suitors, & others having business, are hereby notified to attend, on the third Monday in April next—and the Freeholders of the County of Fairfax are also notified that on the fourth Wednesday in April next and Election will be held at the said new Court House, for one Senator and two Representatives, to serve in the next General Assembly.

WILLIAM DENEALE,
Sheriff of Fairfax.

March 24.

The lately imported, high bred Horse,

PUNCH.

WILL cover Mares until the first of August next, at Mr. Rhoads's Little Hotel, City of Washington, at 20 dollars each, and one dollar to the Groom. The money to be paid at the time of covering, or before the mares are taken away.

Punch was bred by Lord Sherbourne, and got by King Herod, which was the sire of the Prince of Wales's Rockingham, and Mr. Tatersall's Highflyer; his dam by old Marsk—Marsk was the sire of the noted horse, Eclipse, and the imported horse, Shark, Pretender, and many others of the best runners in England; so that the blood of Eclipse and Highflyer is centered in Punch, which horses were never beaten. His grand dam by Lord Cullen's Arabian; great grand dam by Regulus, out of Ruth's Black Eyes—Black Eyes was got by Crab, out of the Warlock Galloway. He was purchased by Sir J Lade, when rising four years old, for 1000 guineas, who named him Punch. When three years old, he run in the name of Lord Sherbourne's Chesnut Colt, which may be seen in the Racing Calender.

In 1784, when four years old, Punch won a match at New Market of 300 guineas each, beating a colt of Lord Barrington's, and giving 8lb. He won the plate at Lambourn, and another at Glouceher; and afterwards won two matches at New Market. In 1785, he won the plate at Oxford, beating Col. O'Kelley's General, who won the gold cup that year, and Mr. Tomb's Tetrarch. He won the plate at Burford, beating Wilbreham, Mountebank, and General; and the plate at Lambourn, at five heats, beating Copper Bottom and three others. In 1786 he won a sweepstake of 50 guineas each, at Winchester, beating Fortunio, Egham, and several others; and a sweep stake of 50 guineas each, at Stockbridge, beating Sergeant, Miss Kingsland, and several others.

N. B. He won forty two fifty pounds plates, besides matches and sweepstakes, while in possession of Sir John Lade.

☞ Good grass for mares, and every proper attention paid them, but not liable for accidents or escapes; and every attention will be paid to prevent either.

March 24. 3w

Joshua Riddle

Respectfully informs the Public that

HE HAS JUST RECEIVED,

From Boston,

A Variety of SHOES,

Which, added to his former supply, makes his assortment in that line very complete.

He has on Hand

A choice collection of fresh Teas of every kind, sugar, coffee, chocolate, pepper, allspice, ginger, nutmegs, &c. together with

A neat assortment of Dry Goods,

American & London Seine Twine, &c.

The whole of which he is determined to sell on very moderate terms, for ready payment only.

Those indebted to him are earnestly solicited to call and settle their respective balances.

February 27. tf

The Eagle Tavern.

THE subscriber respectfully notices its former customers, and the public generally, that the management of this INN is now under his immediate direction. From inclination and interest he will aim to please—and being provided with a good Stock of Liquors, and every thing else requisite for the convenient and comfortable accommodation of his customers, he flatters himself he will receive proportionate encouragement.

He again requests those who are indebted to William M'Knight, to come forward and settle their respective ballences, in order that he may be enabled to discharge such claims as may be against the same.

CHARLES M'KNIGHT.

March 22.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to Let the STORE and CELLER, on corner of King and Royal Streets, a stand equal to any in this place for Retail business. C. M'K.

THE CELEBRATED RUNNING HORSE

MUFTI,

Imported last August by John Taylor, Esq. of Mount Airy,

Is certainly from the best stock in England, as will appear from Mr. Taylor's certificate below. He is a fine bay, full fifteen hands and one inch high, of great strength and activity, finely formed, and uncommonly handsome. From great performances as as a racer, &c. and after the first of his get appeared on the turf, he covered at Woburn, in England, at Ten Guineas a mare, and Half a Guinea to the Groom; of which I am possessed of documents that will not be doubted.

Mufti will stand at this place to cover Mares from the date hereof until the tenth of August next, at Twelve Dollars the Leap, or Twenty Five Dollars the Season, with a Dollar to the Groom, in every instance, which must be paid in hand. No mare is to be considered as going by the leap, unless the money is paid on the day of covering. A legal note for twenty-five dollars must be sent with each mare that is put by the season, payable the 20th of August next; except those that remain at pasture, and for them payment will be expected before they are removed. If twenty dollars are paid by the last of July, it will be received in full for the season of a mare, grooms fee excepted.

I shall have a large quantity of excellent pasture, both high and low ground, well enclosed, at Forty Cents per week, for mares brought ten miles or upwards; and every attention will be paid to mares left in my care, but no responsibility for losses or casualties of any kind. The mares may be fed on application, the grain provided at the market price, and gentlemen's servants attending their mares boarded on moderate terms.

SAMUEL LOVE.

Salisbury, March 18, 1800.

Pedigree and performances of the beautiful Horse Mufti, lately purchased from the Stud of his Grace the Duke of Bedford.

He was bred by Mr. Mann, of Norwich, and was got by Fitzherod, one of the best sons of King Herod; his dam by Infant, son of the Godolphin Arabian; grand dam by Whittington, out of the full sister to Black-and all-Black.

In 1780, when three years old, and the property of his royal highness the Prince of Wales (who purchased him of Major Churchill) Mufti won a match of 100 Guineas each, at New-Market, beating Mr. Wyndham's Prodigal, Rowley's mile. The following meeting he ran a dead heat with Sir C. Bunbury's Young Tityrus, 8st. each, Abington mile, for 200 Guineas each. Young Tityrus won the plate of three years, two days afterwards, when eleven started.

In 1787, when the property of Richard Vernon, Esq. he received 100 guineas compromise from Lord Derby's Wren, 8st. each, Ditch in, 200 guineas—At 8st. 7lb. he beat the Duke of Queensberry's Young Giant, 7st. 13lb. two miles, for 400 guineas—and received 37 guineas compromise from Mr. Fox's Braganza.

In 1788 Mufti won the Craven Stakes at New-Market, when twelve started, beating Scota, Nimble, &c.—won a Sweepstake of 300 guineas each, across the Flat, beating Fidget, and receiving forfeit from Pharamond. He also received forfeit from Mr. Fox's Braganza, giving 3lb. D. I. for 200 guineas, b. ft. and was afterwards purchased by his Grace the Duke of Bedford.

In 1789 Mufti did not appear in public, being his Grace's Trial Horse.

In 1790 Mufti won all his engagements, viz. a match against Lord Bangmore's Highlander, for 100 guineas; a handsome sweepstake of 50 guineas each (7 subscribers) D. I. beating Magpie, Seagull, &c.—and a match, beating Don Quixotte, across the Flat, for 200 each; all at New-Market.

In 1791 he won the Craven Stakes at New-Market, when 15 started; amongst which were Crupper, Don Quixotte, Harpator, &c.—At 9st. 1½lb. he beat the Prince of Wales's Glaucus, 7st. 4lb. across the Flat, for 200 guineas each—At 8st. 7lb. each, he beat the Prince of Wales's Pegasus, a match for 1000 guineas each across the Flat.

In 1792 Mufti came in second for the Craven Stakes, beating Asparagus, Coriander and 7 others—and at 8st. 7 lb. beat his royal highness the Duke of York's Serpent—8st. a match over the Beacon Course, for 100 guineas each. This was the last year of his running, after which he became a stallion, at Woburn; and in 1796, the first of his get that started won a sweepstake of 100 guineas each, at New-Market, when six started, and one paid forfeit.—The same Colt won several times in the following year.

Mufti is 15 hands and one inch high, and both in and out of training, was esteemed one of the most beautiful horses in England.

I do certify the above to be a true copy of the Pedigree and Performances, of Mufti, as sent me by Mr. Weatherby (author of the Racing Calender, and Match Book-Keeper, at New-Market) who purchased the Horse.

JOHN TAYLOE.

March 10, 1800. 12w3w—12t3t

Two Apprentices wanted to the printing business

Andrew & W'm Ramsay

HAVE IMPORTED,

In the Perseverance, from London, lately arrived at Baltimore,

The following Goods,

Which they are now opening, at their Warehouse, King Street:

Brown Rolls in Bales	
British oznaburgs in	do.
German do. in	do.
Cotton and linen checks in cases	
Dowlas in	do.
Irish linen in	do.
Brown do. in	do.
Diaper cloths in	do.
Russia sheeting in bales	
Best London superfine cloths & cassimers in trunks	

A few double and single barreled guns and pistols, with mahogany cases and apparatus complete, equal, if not superior, to any ever imported into this country;

All of which they will dispose of on moderate terms, for Cash or short Credit.

They expect a further supply of Goods by the first arrivals from London.

January 16. tf

I WISH TO RENT FOREVER, about 30 BUILDING LOTS, lying on Prince, Duke and Henry Streets; one 20 feet front, some 108, some 88, and some less in depth.

ALEXANDER PERRY.

March 29.

N. B. A Horse and Chair to hire.

GARDEN SEEDS,

JUST IMPORTED AND FOR SALE BY

JAMES KENNEDY, Jun.

Marrowfat Pease, Early do. Dwarf Prussian do. Early Beans, Cress, Red Beet, Short top Radish, Turnip do. Salmon do. Orange Carrot, Deptford Onion, Spinage, Scotch Leek, Broad leav'd Endive, Curled do Green Savoy, Brussels Sprouts, Curled Parsley, Cos Letuce, Cabbage do. Brown Dutch do. Long Cucumber, Solid Celery, Yellow Turnip, Scotch do. large Scotch do. Mustard, Rock Melon.

The above seeds were put up last October, by one of the first Seedsman in London.

He has also for Sale,

A quantity of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, paints, &c.

He has removed his shop from Fairfax Street, between Fairfax and Water Street.

Patent Ploughs.

Just received by the Tryall, Capt. Hand, from Philadelphia, and for Sale,

NEWBOLD's PATENT PLOUGHS.

From their peculiar construction it is acknowledged by those who have made the experiment, that they run much easier than those they hitherto used—and in New Jersey and Pennsylvania their superiority has given them a decided preference. Should they be approved of here, which they no doubt will, a constant supply will be kept on hand. Apply to

C. RIDGWAY, or
PATTEN & BUTCHER.

April 3. tf

WILL BE SOLD

ON THE FIRST OF MAY NEXT,

NINE HUNDRED & FIFTY EIGHT ACRES

Good Farming Land,

IN Prince William County, Virginia, lying on the waters of Broad Run, about 30 miles from Alexandria, and 15 from Dumfries. It is unnecessary to say any thing of the improvements on the land, as those who are inclined to purchase it is presumeable will first view the property. One half the purchase money will be required on the day of sale, the remainder in 12 months.

B. DULANY, Jun.

December 28.

John Tuffey,

AT HIS COMB MANUFACTORY,

Fairfax Street,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A large Quantity of

WHIPS;

Also, a variety of

Sword and other Canes.

He has on Hand

A general assortment of Horn, Ivory and Tortoise Shell Combs.

The whole of the above articles will be sold at the most reduced prices.

April 1.

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

A Framed HOUSE and Half an Acre of GROUND, situated on the West end of the Stone Bridge, near Alexandria. The House is two stories high, and has a good Kitchen adjoining.

For terms apply to Mr. Hanson Thomas, or Mr. John Bowling, near the premises.

April 1. 3t

POEMS,

ON THE

DEATH

OF

GENERAL WASHINGTON,

Composed by C. Love, of Alexandria,

For Sale at this Office, and the Book-Store of J. V. Thomas.

Price 75 Cents each.

April 8.

Lands for Sale, or exchange for other Property.

SEVEN hundred and eighty-eight acres in the county of Hampshire, on the waters of Great Cape Capon, about 20 miles from the Warm Springs, and 80 from Winchester.—This land is full of wood, oak and Pine Timber. Two excellent farms may be made, with 30 to 50 acres of bottom, and rich high lands to each; and in the heart of the timber there is a fine seat for a saw-mill. Capt. Daniel Rice will shew the lands.

Three thousand eight hundred and forty-five acres in the county of Ohio, on the waters of Grave and Fish creeks, near the river Ohio, and about 80 miles below Pittsburg. Some of these lands are very good, with considerable quantities of rich bottom, and plenty of excellent timber. Robert Woods, Esq. the Surveyor of that county, will shew these lands.

One hundred seventy six and three-fourths acres, within three miles of the Warm Springs, upon Great Cape-Capon, near its mouth, and within ¼ of a mile of the River Potomak. This land has about 70 to 80 acres of rich bottom, mostly in cultivation, with 274 fine *sugar trees* on it; from which, I am informed, there may be made 3000lb. of good sugar annually. There is also a seat for grist and saw mills on it, equal to any in that neighbourhood, and upon a never failing stream of water. The upland is rich, with plenty of timber, and part under cultivation. This farm is well improved with a good orchard, houses and fencing, and rented last year for produce equal to sixty pounds per an. Mr. Joseph Butler, at the Warm Springs, will shew it. I will sell all, or any of the above lands for cash, or upon credit, or take in exchange for them lands in Fairfax County, or Lots of land in the town of Alexandria, or the city of Washington.

R. T. HOOE.

Jan. 25. 1800. tf

George Clementson

HAS REMAINING ON HAND THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

80 Doz. scythes, common and German, from 46 to 54 inches
6 Boxes hardware, consisting of table knives and forks, pocket and pen knives, women's scissors, razors cases, curry combs, White Chapel needles, &c.
10 Bundles garden spades
2 Do. Fryingpans
6 Casks sad irons assorted
1 Bale Whitehaven osnaburgs
2 Boxes brown Hollands
6 Pieces stout 5.4 white sheetings
2 Box 7-8 calicoes
1 Do. coloured threads
1 Do. fine hats
20 Kegs white paint
20 Barrels brown sugar

A few reams writing paper, and

A few dozen common leather gloves,

Which he will dispose of on reasonable terms, for Cash or approved Notes; or he will barter the whole, or any part, for Tobacco of the upper Inspections. Apply at his dwelling house, on St. Asaph Street.

February 2. tf

Commission, Ship Broker AND Conveyancer's Office,

In the Brick House, near the Bank, opposite Printing-Office of Mr. Price.

FROM a view of the new Navigation and Revenue Laws of the United States, I have been encouraged to open the above Office, from a belief that the said laws require more attention than persons in general concerned in trade and navigation will find convenient to pay them, in order to avoid incurring the penalties inflicted for not complying with the requisitions thereof. Where every form and instrument of writing appertaining to shipping, entry, clearance, imports, exports, excise, drawbacks and debentures, required by the laws of the United States and the officers of the government may be had. I have also taken such steps as will, in a short time, insure me accurate information respecting the restrictions on our trade in foreign countries, and particularly at such foreign port or place where an American consul or agent may reside, with the formalities necessary to be observed, and the fees, duties, &c. payable thereat.

VINCENT GRAY.

Alexandria, February 25, 1800.

ABEL WILLIS

HAS FOR SALE

1 Pipe of French Brandy, 4th proof
60 Barrels of New York prime Pork
200 Bushels of best Lisbon Salt
6 Bales of fresh, soft shelled Almonds
20 Frails of fresh Figs.

ALSO,

Green grapes by the jar, raisins by the cask and box, olives by the jar, Lisbon oranges by the box, lemons, fresh rice, a fresh assortment of Teas, filberts, and a number of other fruits and groceries—all of which he will sell low for Cash.

March 4.

ALEXANDRIA:
Printed every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday,
BY
ELLIS PRICE.